### own it.

### Service Financials

What you should know

With Paul MacDonald Service Lead @ ServiceSource & Coach @ Expert Service Program, PMDgroup.ca

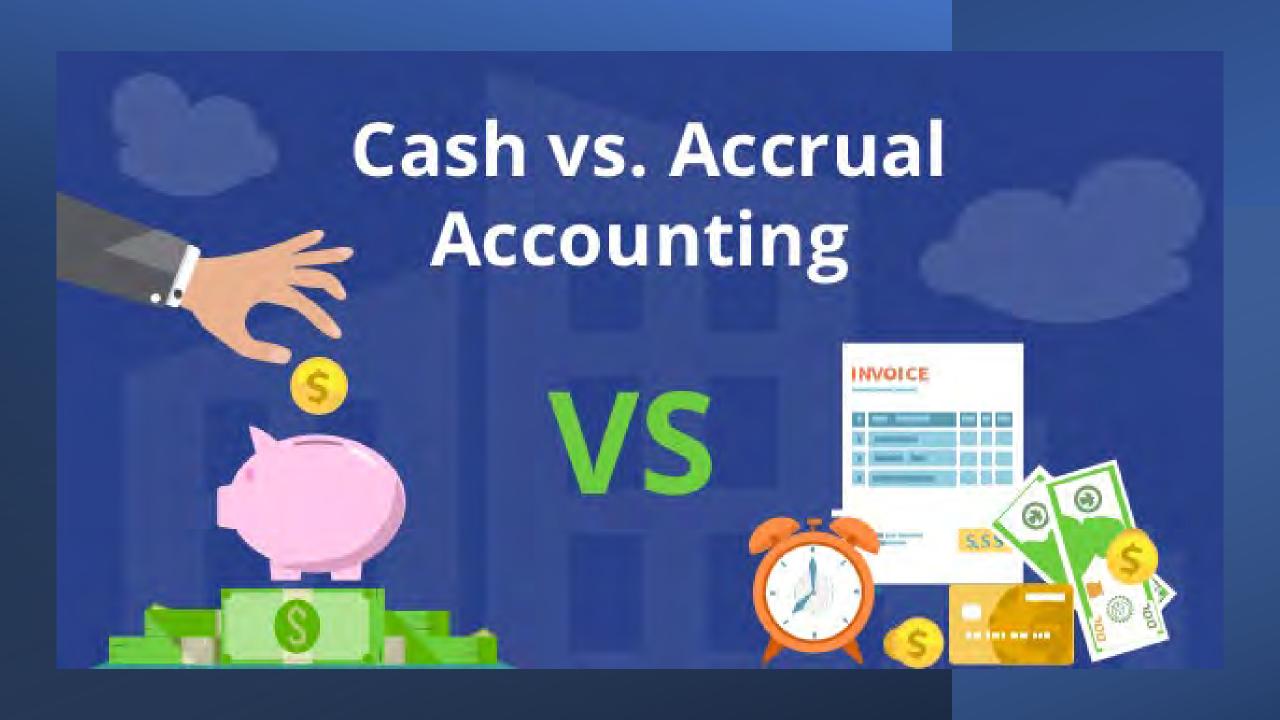
**CONVENTION 2022** 





own it.

#### Ratios Liquidity Current Ratio Quick Ratio Safety Debt to Equity Ratio Debt-Service Coverage Ratio - DSCR Profitability Sales Growth COGS to Sales **Gross Profit Margin** SG&A to Sales Net Profit Margin Return on Equity (ROE) Return on Assets Owner's Compensation to Sales Efficiency Days in Receivables Accounts Receivable Turnover Days in Inventory Inventory Turnover Sales to Total Assets



### CASH VS. ACCRUAL BASIS ACCOUNTING

#### Cash



Tracks cash, expenses, and income.



Does not track long-term liabilities, loans, or inventory.



Record expenses when you pay and income when you receive it.



Not all businesses can use cash-basis accounting due to size restrictions.

#### Accrual



Uses more advanced financial accounts, such as accounts payable.



Tracks long-term liabilities, loans, and inventory.



Record income when the transaction takes place and expenses when you receive the bill.



Larger businesses must use accrual basis, according to the IRS.

**Tools for Profitable Service** 

- Income statement
- Balance Sheet
- Accounts Receivable
  - Warranty Parts Credits
- Cash Flow Statement
- Budgets
- Inventory Turns









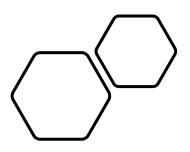


Model #: MALAUMED8630HC

\$2,949.90

ADD TO CART





How do you set appliance prices?

Maytag® Metallic Slate Front Load Laundry Pair

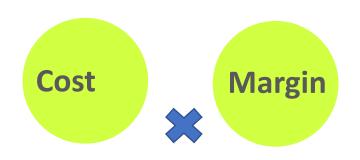
Model #: MALAUMGD8630HC

\$3,049.90

ADD TO CART

own it.

### **Appliance Retail =**



Or we use MAP, URMP







How do you set Service rates?

own it.

You can't set service rates without knowing your hourly cost to operate your service business

own it.

#### **Service Rates =**







# Cost of Doing Business Calculator

Download from Backroom Or CODBCalculator.com



5	Days in the year	365	30	Total expenses (not including labour)		50,150
6	Less Weekends	-104	51		73.0	17.10
7	Less holidays	-10		Tatal socilable takes Herry		0240
8	Less vacations (comp aver)	-13.0	52	Total available Labor Hours		9240
9	Less sick days	-4	53			
10	Less training	-3	54	Dollars per hour to cover expenses	\$	48
11	Days available per Tech	231	55			
12			56	Average cost per hour for labour	5	32
13	Days available per Tech	231		Average cost per flour for labour	7	32
14	X hours worked perday	8	57			100
15	Hours per year per Tech	1848	58	Dollars per hour necessary to	\$	81
16			59	cover operating expenses and labor		
17	Hours company wide	9240	60			
18	(1848 X nbr of Techs)		61	Average parts income per hour	5	8
19	E CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR		-	Average parts income per nour	7	0
20	Average cost per hour of labour		62	NA AN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN		
21		4 49.42	63	Break even point per hour	\$	72
22	Tech #1 hourly rate	\$ 25.00	64	at 100% efficiency		
23	Tech #2 hourly rate	\$ 26.75	65			
24	Tech #3 hourly rate Tech #4 hourly rate	\$ 28,90 \$ 30.00	-	Desired profit margin		0.15
25	Tech #5 hourly rate	\$ 35.00	100	The state of the s		
27	Total salaries pro from	145.65	67	Divider factor 1.0015=.85		0.85
28	Total salantes Front	\$ 145,00	68			
29	otal Salaries	\$ 145.65	69	Gross Billable rate per hour	\$	85
30	Number of Techs	5	70			
3	Transcript 12013		71	EFFICIENCY FACTOR		
32	Average hourly rate for salaries	\$ 29.13		DITION THOUSA	_	
33			72			
34			73	Divide the average number of completed calls pe	er day by th	ne hou
35	Average hourly rate for saranes	\$ 29.13	74	1 Tech = 8		
36	X 40 hrs/week X 52 weeks	2080	75	2 Techs = 16		
37	gives Average yearly labor cost	\$ 60,590.40	76	3 Techs = 24		
38				DIEGIS ET		
39	Average yearly labor cost	\$ 60,590.40	77			144
40	divided by available hours per	1848	78	Average number of completed calls per day		25
41	gives Average labor cost/hour	\$ 32.79	79	Tech hours per day		40
42			80	Efficiency Factor		63%

# Income Statement or P&L:

shows a company's revenues, expenses and profitability over a period of time.





ABC CO

**Net Income** 

#### Income Statement

For the Years Ending [Dec 31, 2020 and Dec 31, 2019]

84,468

levenue	2020	2019
COD Labor Sales	430,213	
Warranty Labor Sales	137,337	
Extended Warranty Labor Sales	24,387	
Parts Slaes	155,969	
(Less sales returns and allowances)	(10,000)	
Net Sales	737,906	-
est of Goods Sold		
Parts Costs	110,000	
Technician Wages	305.223	
Cost of Goods Sold	415,223	1 ×
Gross Profit (Loss)	322,683	*
penses	100	
Advertising	2,500	
Bad debt	15,000	
Commissions		
Depreciation	16,616	
Employee benefits	72,000	
Furniture and equipment	500	
Vvc. hosແg am dorrns Other	16 100	
Total Operating Expenses	16,192 233,283	
Total Operating Expenses	233,263	
perating Income (Loss)	89,400	-
Non-operating revenues, expenses, gains, losses	2,250	
(Less interest expense)	(6,113)	
Income Before Taxes	85,537	(9)
(Less income tax expense)	(1,069)	
come From Continuing Operations	84,468	*
elow-the-Line Items		
Income from discontinued operations		
Extraordinary items		
Cumulative effect of accounting changes		



# Why do I need a Profit & Loss Statement

- to answer questions about your business strategy:
  - Do I have enough revenue to cover my costs and expenses?
  - Do I have a high return on investment for my expenses?
- · insights about the details of your day-to-day operations:
  - Your gross margin (ratio of your costs of goods sold to revenue)
  - Your top spending categories
  - Where you can reduce your spending

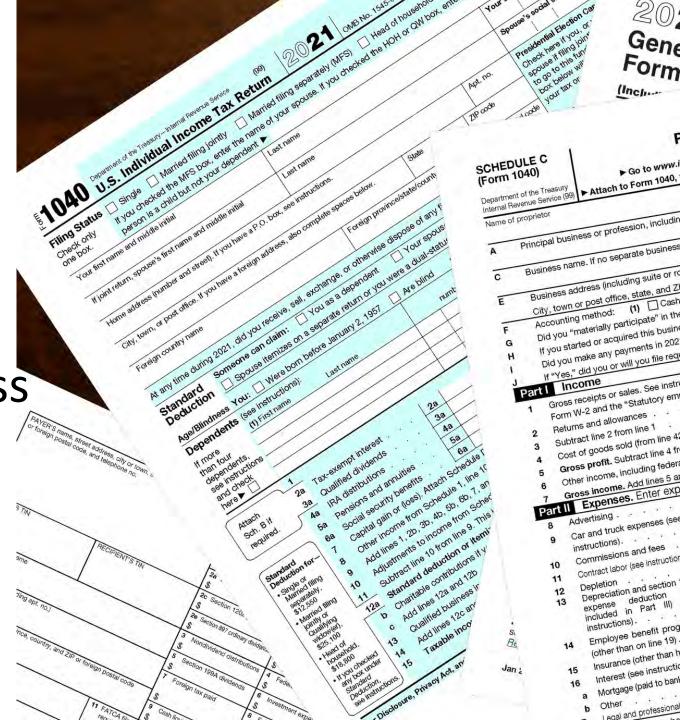
Don't have Service P&L?

Create one.

Use % of service to business







#### **Balance Sheet**

"book value"

of an organization, as calculated by subtracting all of the company's liabilities and shareholder equity from its total assets.

A snapshot at any given time.





ABC CO			Balan Date:	547	Sheet 8/1/2020
Assets			2020		2019
Current Assets			0.00		
Caeli			11,296		
Accounts receivable			4,315		
Inventory			10,396		
Warranty Parts Credits			2,500		
Short-term investments	Burns Strott de		2,450		
	Total current assets	\$	30,957	\$	-
Fixed (Long-Term) Assets			22.500		
Service trucks			87,500		
Property, plant, and equipment			60,782		
(Less accumulated depreciation)			(19,387)		
Intangible assets	Total fixed assets	· C	128,895	œ.	
Other Assets	TOTAL LIXER GOOGLO	9	120,033	D.	
Deferred income tax					
Other			-		
Ottlei	Total Other Assets	\$	- 4	\$	- 1
Total Assets		\$	159,852	\$	
Liabilities and Owner's Equit Current Liabilities	у				
Accounts payable			4,600		
Short-term loans			2,565		
income taxes payable			600		
Accrued salaries and wages			2,800		
Unearned revenue Current portion of long-term debt			4,355		
Current portion of long-term debt	Total current liabilities	Ç	14,920	\$	- 2
Long-Term Liabilities	Total current nabilities	Ψ	14,320		
Long-term debt			35,000		
Deferred income tax					
Other					
7	otal long-term liabilities	\$	35,000	\$	
Owner's Equity					
Owner's investment			65,000		
Retained earnings			29,572		
Other	w14-00000.38		15,360		
	Total owner's equity	\$	109,932	\$	-
Total Liabilities and Owner's Equity		\$	159,852	\$	J.
Common Financial Ratios			_		
THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON OF T			0.04		
Debt Ratio (Total Liabilities / Total Assets)	lition\		0.31		
Current Ratio (Current Assets / Current Liabi	intres)		2.07		

16,037

1.45

Outstanding warranty parts credits are an assert

Record them as such in your accounts receivables



own it.



# Why do I need a Balance Sheet?

- operational management,
   the balance sheet provides insights
  - cash needs to be collected, AR
  - inventory managed, Turns
  - bills paid, AP

#### Cash Flow Statement:

- •Cash received. Income from sales, loan proceeds, or interest income.
- •Cash paid out. This includes inventory and other purchases, payroll, rent, utilities, taxes, loan payments, and more.
- •Subtract cash paid out from cash received, and you have your **cash position** for the end of the month.





#### ABC Company 12-Month Cash Flow 1/1/22 2/1/22 3/1/22 4/1/22 5/1/22 11/1/22 12/1/22 Period Beginning 2/28/22 3/31/22 4/30/22 5/31/22 6/30/ 11/30/22 12/31/22 Period Ending Cash at Beginning of Period 15,700 29,413 (17.261)2,164 2,164 2 164 29 413 2,164 2.164 Operations Cash receipts from 63,253 72.000 Customers 57,767 59,111 65,125 Other operations Cash paid for (22,000)Inventory purchases 10.000) General operating and admin expenses (9.333)(10.232)(10.222)(10.250)(12.000)(11,250 11.000 Wage expenses (12, 321)(1.125)(1.000)(999) Interest (2.933 (2.733) (5.400)(2.500)(2.500)Net Cash Flow from Operations 7.240 19,425 nvesting Activities ash receipts from Sale of property and equipment 2.800 Collection of principal on loans Sale of investment securities Purchase of property and equipment (6,250)Making loans to other entities Purchase of investment securities Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities (3.450)Financing Activities Cash receipts from Issuance of stock Borrowing Cash paid for New Service truck (2.833)Repayment of loans Dividends (4.417)(7.250)Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities Net Cash Flow 1.625 12.088 (47.325)651 19,425

#### **Budget Basics**

A budget is an estimation of <u>revenue</u> and <u>expenses</u> over a specified future period of time and is usually compiled and re-evaluated on a periodic basis.

#### Investopedia

- 1. Estimate
- 2. Revenue & Expenses
- 3. Future Time Period
- 4. Re-evaluated





#### ABC Company 2022 Budget

NCOME	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May		Dec	Total
Operating Income								
Cod Service	16,488	17,454	18,256					52,19
Warranty Service	3,500	3,400	6,500					13,40
Extended Warranty Service	2,500	3,500	3,450					9,45
Parts Sales	5,000	5,232	6,235					16,46
Refurbished Sales	10,000	999	750				1	11,74
Total Operating Income	37,488	30,585	35,191		- 15		-	103,26
						-2		
Non-Operating Income	4.500	0.000	0.400			100		F 60
Contract Sales	1,500	2,000	2,100			-	-	5,6
Rental Income	750	750	750				+	2,2
Property Management Sales	4,500	4,400	4,000			-3		12,9
Other						-		
Other						1		
Total Non-Operating Income	6,750	7,150	6,850	-				20,7
Total INCOME	44,238	37,735	42,041		- 19			124,01
VDENSES	Torri	F-1	M	A	- Maria			T-4-1
XPENSES Operating Expenses	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May		Dec	Total
Accounting and Legal	500	500	500			4	7-	1,5
Advertising	1,000	1,000	1,000				+	3,0
Depreciation	450	450	450				_	1,3
Dues and Subscriptions	141	200	150				1	4
Insurance	1,500	1,500	1,500		_	1	-	4,5
A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	200	200	200		-	-	+	4,5
Interest Expense					_	-0		
Maintenance and Repairs	650	650	650			-	+	1,9
Office Supplies	100	100	100		-			3
Technician wages	5,500	5,500	5,500			-		16,5
Salaries and Wages	2,300	2,300	2,300					6,9
Payroll Expenses	1,000	1,000	1,000					3,0
Postage	50	50	50					1
Rent	650	650	650					1,9
Research and Development						2	1 1	
Taxes and Licenses	150	150	150			4		4
Telephone	100	100	250			4		4
Travel	75	785	75			4		9
Utilities	200	200	200			3		6
Web Hosting and Domains	100	100	100					3
Other	35	35	35					1
Total Operating Expenses	14,701	15,470	14,860	12				45,0
No. Bernales Francis						4		
Non-Recurring Expenses			50.450			4	T-10	50.4
Furniture, Equipment and Software			52,456					52,4
Gifts Given						1	-	
Other			E2 450			4	-	F2 4
Total Non-Recurring Expenses			52,456	7	7	T	7.0	52,4
Total EXPENSES	14,701	15,470	67,316		-	4	-	97,48
Net Income Before Taxes	29,537	22,265	(25,275)	- 12			-	26,5
	20,001	22,200	(20,210)			-		20,0
Income Tax Expense		1				1		

#### **Technician Budget or Quota**

An **estimate** of technician sales for following year

Tech	Year	Multiplier	Jan	Feb	Mar
Demisio	2021		\$14,519	\$11,592	\$12,336
	2022	10%	\$15,971	\$12,751	\$13,570
Martin	2021		\$13,212	\$16,237	\$14,8
	2022	10%	\$14,533	\$17,861	\$16,339
Ruben	2021		\$9,016	\$12,554	\$13,053
	2022	10%	\$9,918	\$13,809	\$14,359
Luke	2021		\$7,516	\$8,514	\$7,75
	2022	12%	\$8,418	\$9,536	\$8,68.
					1

	Nov.	Dec.	Total	2022
1,592	\$12,336	\$9,687	\$146,423	
12,751	\$13,570	\$10,656		\$160,864
16,237	\$14,845	\$17,480	\$187,343	
17,861	\$16,330	\$19,228		\$205,876
12,554	\$13,053	\$11,924	\$141,662	
313,809	\$14,358	\$13,116		\$155,627
¢7,516	\$8,514	\$7,756	\$97,165	
\$8,418	\$9,536	\$8,687		\$108,583
			\$572,593	\$630,951



# The sales Budget becomes basis for tech Scorecard

**KPIs** measured

Sets expectations well in advance



2021 Dashboard Parts & Service			
Department P&L	21-Jan	21-Feb	21-Ma
Last Year Sales 2018	\$329,991.00	\$290,579.00	\$315,526.00
2019 Budgeted Sales	\$367,245.00	\$312,084.00	\$357,561.00
2019 actual	\$498,079.00	\$488,965.00	\$382,847.82
Varience from budget	\$130,834	\$176,881	\$25,287
Actual Warranty labor	\$93,776.00	\$90,547.00	\$68,609.62
Actual COD labor Sales	\$225,990.00	\$218,511.00	\$172,581.00
Actual Ext W Labor Sales	\$32,410.00	\$29,133.00	\$20,949.75
Sales Discounts	\$32,897.00	\$34,737.52	\$24,879.25
Actual COD parts Sales	\$143,475.00	\$144,358.76	\$115,742.57
Actual P&L	\$465,181.00	\$454,226.78	\$357,968.73
Harry Potter	21-Jan	21-Feb	21-Ma
Budgeted Labor Billings	\$ 17,344	\$ 11,216	\$ 14,148
Actual Labor Billings	\$18,734	\$13,659	\$14,722
Differential	\$1,389	\$2,443	\$574
VAC/ ETO/SICK	133.5	training	COVID19
Completed Calls	106	56	67
Avg Labor \$/call	\$131.00	\$133.91	\$145.76
Avg Parts \$/call	\$42.61	\$66.52	\$43.54
Avg Total \$/call	\$173.61	\$200.43	\$189.30
First Call complete	74%	55%	66%
Call Back (Recall)	4	2	1
Toltal invoices/Walk/ =%	10	62-13-21%	62-7-11%
Conversions to sale	6	3	0
Blue Book Quotes		18avg/9	5
Reviews			
Leak Detector	14	37	49
Speeding Alerts			
Accessories Sold 8 Avg month	16	14	9
SA Sold 8 Avg month	19	11	6
Department KPI	21-Jan	21-Feb	21-Ma
Budgeted Labor Billings	\$278,463.00	\$238,551.00	\$256,114.00
Actual Labor Billings	\$354,603.00	\$344,605.54	\$267,105.41
Actual Parts Billings	\$143,475.00	\$144,359.00	\$115,743.00
Completed Calls	66	60	47
Avg Labor \$/call	\$125.58	\$130.48	\$127.86
Avg Parts \$/call	\$54.82	\$51.50	\$58.77
Avg Total \$/call	\$180.40	\$181.98	\$186.63
Avg First Call Complete	63%	63%	61%
Call Back (Recall)	3.28	3.6	3.4
Walk	12%	6	6

#### **Balance Sheet**

"book value"

of an organization, as calculated by subtracting all of the company's liabilities and shareholder equity from its total assets.

A snapshot at any given time.





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Service trucks			87,500		
Property, plant, and equipment			60,782		
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Other Assets	TOTAL LIXER GOOGLO	9	120,033	D.	
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Other			-		
Ottlei	Total Other Assets	\$	- 4	\$	- 1
Total Assets		\$	159,852	\$	
Liabilities and Owner's Equit Current Liabilities	у				
Accounts payable			4,600		
Short-term loans			2,565		
income taxes payable			600		
Accrued salaries and wages			2,800		
Unearned revenue Current portion of long-term debt			4,355		
Current portion of long-term debt	Total current liabilities	Ç	14,920	\$	- 2
Long-Term Liabilities	Total current nabilities	Ψ	14,320		
Long-term debt			35,000		
Deferred income tax					
Other					
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THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON OF T			0.04		
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Current Ratio (Current Assets / Current Liabi	intres)		2.07		

16,037

1.45



## Inventory Turns – Stock Turns – Stock Turnover

**Inventory turnover** is a ratio that measures the number of times inventory is sold or consumed in a given time period.

The inventory turnover formula is calculated by dividing the cost of goods sold (COGS) by average inventory.





- •Determine the total cost of goods sold (cogs) from your annual income statement.
- •Calculate the cost of average inventory, by adding together the beginning inventory and ending inventory balances for a period and divide by two.
- •Finally, divide the cost of goods sold (cogs) by average inventory





# Turnover to measure performance overall efficiency of a business

- higher turnover indicates better performance not overspending replenish cashflow
- lower turnover, inefficiency overstock incurring carrying costs eats cash reserve

But there's an exception.

An exceptionally high turnover rate may point to strong sales *or* ineffective buying, ultimately leading to a loss in business as the inventory is too low. This can result in stock shortages and, eventually, lower sales.

own it.

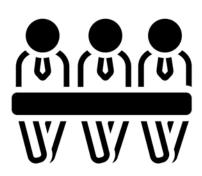
Parts Inventory Turns

High 5-6 Turns

Low 1-2 Turns



#### **Your Panelists Today**





- 1. What caused the shortage of repair parts, and when will it end?
- 2. Should warranty service be profitable for SSDs? Yes or no, why?
- 3. 1-800 tech support lines are essential but wait times are unacceptable. What is your company doing to improve this vital service?
- 4. SSDs are often not recognized as authorized by manufacturers' CS call centers. Would you consider a dedicated number for SSD to call for assistance on warranty calls?
- 5. Factory training too is essential. When will your company return to in-person, if not virtual technical training?
- 6. The warranty process in America is laborious and inefficient. Are you taking steps to improve it? Would your company consider a one-pay parts and labor reimbursement system?
- 7. Fist Call Completes are essential to customer satisfaction and service profits. Repair parts play a significant role in the repair cycle time. Having the proper inventory is a challenge for all. Would your company consider a repair parts program beneficial to all, such as the ability to exchange old parts stock for new?
- 8. What advice can you offer to help SSDs in their annual warranty rate negotiations?



#### **Service Resources**

- 1. Facebook groups
  - BrandSource Service Dealer
  - Appliance Alliance
  - Appliance Pro Talk
  - United Servicers Association
  - Professional Service Association
- 2. Chat USA \$199/Yr.
- 3. Appliantology.org \$297/Yr.
- 4. YourSourceNews.com & ServiceSource Newsletter
- 5. Brand Source Service Play Book
- 6. Brand Source Service Scorecard
- 7. The Expert Service Program
- 8. Appliance Service Training Institute ASTI & NASC
- 9. YouTube Free
- 10. ApplianceVideo.com \$39.99/Month





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